#### § 1744.69

- (2) If borrower's bank is not a member of the Federal Reserve System, the name and address of its correspondent bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve System.
- (3) American Bankers Association (ABA) nine digit identifier of the receiving banks (routing number and check digit).
- (4) Borrower's bank account title and number.
- (5) Any other necessary identifying information.

[54 FR 12186, Mar. 24, 1989. Redesignated at 55 FR 39395, Sept. 27, 1990, and amended at 58 FR 66257, Dec. 20, 1993]

#### §1744.69 [Reserved]

# Subpart D [Reserved]

## Subpart E—Borrower Investments

SOURCE: 58 FR 52642, Oct. 12, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

## §1744.200 General statement.

(a) RUS telephone borrowers are encouraged to utilize their own funds to participate in the economic development of rural areas, provided that such activity does not impair a borrower's ability to provide modern telecommunications services at reasonable rates or to repay its indebtedness to RUS and other lenders. When considering loans, investments, or guarantees, borrowers are expected to act in accordance with prudent business practices and in conformity with the laws of the jurisdictions in which they serve.

(b) This subpart E applies to both RUS and RTB borrowers. For the purposes of RTB borrowers, as used in this subpart E, if a borrower has received a loan from the RTB, RUS means RTB, and Administrator means Governor unless the text indicates otherwise.

#### § 1744.201 Definitions.

As used in this subpart:

Administrator means the Administrator of the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) and, as provided in §1744.200(b), the Governor of the Rural Telephone Bank (RTB).

Advance means any funds provided of which repayment is expected.

Affiliated company means any organization that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the borrower.

Borrower means any organization which has an outstanding loan made by RUS or RTB, or guaranteed by RUS, or which is seeking such financing.

Extension of credit means to make loans or advances.

Guarantee means to undertake collaterally to answer for the payment of another's debt or the performance of another's duty, liability, or obligation, including, without limitation, the obligations of affiliated companies. Some examples of such guarantees would include:

- (1) Guarantees of payment or collection on a note or other debt instrument;
- (2) Issuing performance bonds or completion bonds: or
- (3) Cosigning leases or other obligations of third parties.

Maximum investment ratio means that the aggregate of all qualified investments by the borrower including the proposed qualified investment shall not be more than one-third of the net worth of the borrower.

Minimum total assets ratio means the borrower's net worth is at least twenty percent of its total assets including the proposed qualified investment.

Net plant means the sum of the balances of the following accounts of the borrower:

Account Names	Number
(1) Telecommunications plant in service	2001
(2) Property held for future telecommunications use	2002
(3) Telecommunications plant under construction-short term	2003
(4) Telecommunications plant under con- struction-long term	2004
(5) Telecommunications plant adjustment	2005
(6) Nonoperating plant	2006
(7) Goodwill	2007
(8) Less accumulated depreciation	3100 through
	3300s
(9) Less accumulated amortization	3400 through 3600s

NOTE: All references to account numbers are to the Uniform System of Accounts (47 CFR part 32).

Net worth means the sum of the balances of the following accounts of the borrower:

#### Rural Utilities Service, USDA

Account Names	Number
(1) Capital stock	4510
(2) Additional paid-in capital	4520
(3) Treasury stock	4530
(4) Other capital	4540
(5) Retained earnings	4550

NOTE: For nonprofit organizations, owners' equity is shown in subaccounts of 4540 and 4550. All references regarding account numbers are to the Uniform System of Accounts (47 CFR part 32).

Qualified investment is defined in §1744.202(b).

RE Act means the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.).

REA means the Rural Electrification Administration formerly an agency of the United States Department of Agriculture and predecessor agency to RUS with respect to administering certain electric and telephone loan programs.

*RTB* means the Rural Telephone Bank, an agency and instrumentality of the United States within the United States Department of Agriculture.

Rural development investment is defined in §1744.202(d).

RUS means the Rural Utilities Service, an agency of the United States Department of Agriculture established pursuant to Section 232 of the Federal Crop Insurance Reform and Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (Pub. L. 103–354, 108 Stat. 3178), successor to REA with respect to administering certain electric and telephone programs. See 7 CFR 1700.1.

RUS mortgage means the instrument creating a lien on or security interest in the borrower's assets in connection with a loan made or guaranteed under the RE Act.

Total assets means the sum of the balances of the following accounts of the borrower:

Account Names	Number	
(1) Current assets	1100s through	
(2) Noncurrent assets	1400s through 1500s	
(3) Total telecommunications plant	2001 through 2007	
(4) Less accumulated depreciation	3100 through 3300s	
(5) Less accumulated amortization	3400 through 3600s	

Note: All references regarding account numbers are to the Uniform System of Accounts (47 CFR part 32).

Uniform System of Accounts means the Federal Communications Commission Uniform System of Accounts for Telecommunications Companies (47 CFR part 32) as supplemented by 7 CFR Part 1770, Accounting Requirements for RUS Telephone Borrowers.

[58 FR 52642, Oct. 12, 1993, as amended at 59 FR 66440, Dec. 27, 1994]

# § 1744.202 Borrowers may make qualified investments without prior approval of the Administrator.

- (a) A borrower that equals or exceeds the minimum total assets ratio may make a qualified investment, defined in paragraph (b) of this section without prior written approval of the Administrator.
- (b) A qualified investment is a rural development investment, defined in paragraph (d) of this section meeting the following criteria:
- (1) Unless the borrower's commitment is a guarantee, extension of credit, or advance, the borrower receives any financial return accruing to such investment, or the borrower's proportionate share of such return;
- (2) Unless the borrower's commitment is a guarantee, extension of credit, or advance, the borrower retains title to any asset acquired with such investment, or the borrower's proportionate share of such title; and
- (3) The funds committed are the borrower's own funds. As used in this subpart, the term own funds shall not include proceeds of loans made, guaranteed or lien accommodated by RUS; funds necessary to make timely payments of principal and interest on loans made, guaranteed or lien accommodated by RUS; and funds on deposit in the cash construction fund-trustee account, as defined in the borrower's loan contract with RUS.
- (c) A rural development investment will not be considered to be a qualified investment to the extent that the amount of such investments exceeds the borrower's maximum investment ratio.
- (d) A rural development investment is an investment, extension of credit, advance, or guarantee by a borrower for a period longer than one year and for one or more of the following purposes:
- (1) Improve the economic well-being of rural residents and alleviate the